

532.516



For the flow calculation of high-speed vehicle near the track structure the three-dimensional Reynolds averaged Navier-Stokes equations are applied. For the turbulence simulation the SST model was used. The numerical solution of RANS was done by the finite volume method. The pressure distribution and the distribution of friction coefficient as well as limiting surface streamlines are introduced. The visualization of the 3D flow structure is presented. The features of the flow structure near the fore part and stern part of the body, and in the gap between vehicle and track structure are analyzed. In the flow behind the body the system of two transverse and two longitudinal, counter-rotating vortices is observed.

**Key words:** vehicle, aerodynamics, RANS, finite volume method, pressure, friction coefficient, vortex structure.

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500-600 / .

[1-3].

[1-3].

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SST

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial G}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{\text{Re}} \left( \frac{\partial E_v}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F_v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial G_v}{\partial z} \right) + H. \quad (1)$$

$Q, E, F, G, E_v, F_v, G_v, H$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ \dots u \\ \dots v \\ \dots w \\ e \\ \dots k \\ \dots \check{S} \end{bmatrix}, E = \begin{bmatrix} \dots u \\ \dots u^2 + p_T \\ \dots uv \\ \dots wu \\ (e + p_T)u \\ \dots uk \\ \dots u\check{S} \end{bmatrix}, F = \begin{bmatrix} \dots v \\ \dots uv \\ \dots v^2 + p_T \\ \dots wu \\ (e + p_T)v \\ \dots vk \\ \dots v\check{S} \end{bmatrix}, G = \begin{bmatrix} \dots w \\ \dots uw \\ \dots vw \\ \dots w^2 + p_T \\ (e + p_T)w \\ \dots wk \\ \dots w\check{S} \end{bmatrix}, H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ H_k \\ H_s \end{bmatrix},$$

$$E_v = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \dagger_{xx} \\ \dagger_{xy} \\ \dagger_{xz} \\ \dagger_{xx}u + \dagger_{yx}v + \dagger_{zx}w + q_x \\ \sim_k \frac{\partial k}{\partial x} \\ \sim_s \frac{\partial \check{S}}{\partial x} \end{bmatrix}, F_v = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \dagger_{yx} \\ \dagger_{yy} \\ \dagger_{yz} \\ \dagger_{yx}u + \dagger_{yy}v + \dagger_{yz}w + q_y \\ \sim_k \frac{\partial k}{\partial y} \\ \sim_s \frac{\partial \check{S}}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix}, G_v = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \dagger_{zx} \\ \dagger_{zy} \\ \dagger_{zz} \\ \dagger_{zx}u + \dagger_{zy}v + \dagger_{zz}w + q_z \\ \sim_k \frac{\partial k}{\partial z} \\ \sim_s \frac{\partial \check{S}}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\dagger_{xx} = \frac{2}{3} \sim_T \left( 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right), \dagger_{yy} = \frac{2}{3} \sim_T \left( 2 \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right), \dagger_{zz} = \frac{2}{3} \sim_T \left( 2 \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right),$$

$$\dagger_{xy} = \dagger_{yx} = \sim_T \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right), \dagger_{xz} = \dagger_{zx} = \sim_T \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right), \dagger_{yz} = \dagger_{zy} = \sim_T \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right),$$

$$q_x = \frac{k_T}{Pr} \frac{\partial T}{\partial x}, \quad q_y = \frac{k_T}{Pr} \frac{\partial T}{\partial y}, \quad q_z = \frac{k_T}{Pr} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z},$$

... - , u, v, w - , T, e, k,

S - , ; k\_T

~T - ; ~k ~s -

; P\_T -

p , p\_t = 2...k/3; H\_k H\_s -

$$p = (x - 1) \left[ e - \frac{1}{2} (u^2 + v^2 + w^2) \right], \tag{2}$$

$$x = C_p / C_v -$$

1'220'000

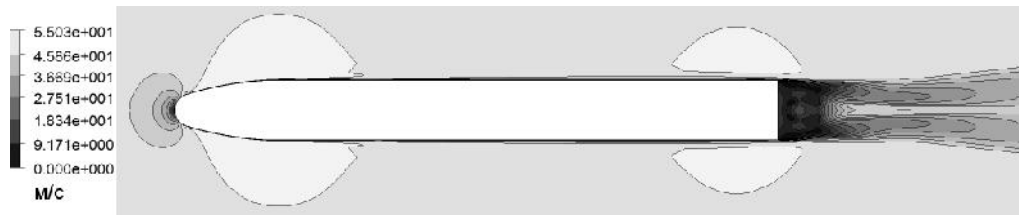
0.0035

y<sup>+</sup>=0.88.

3.

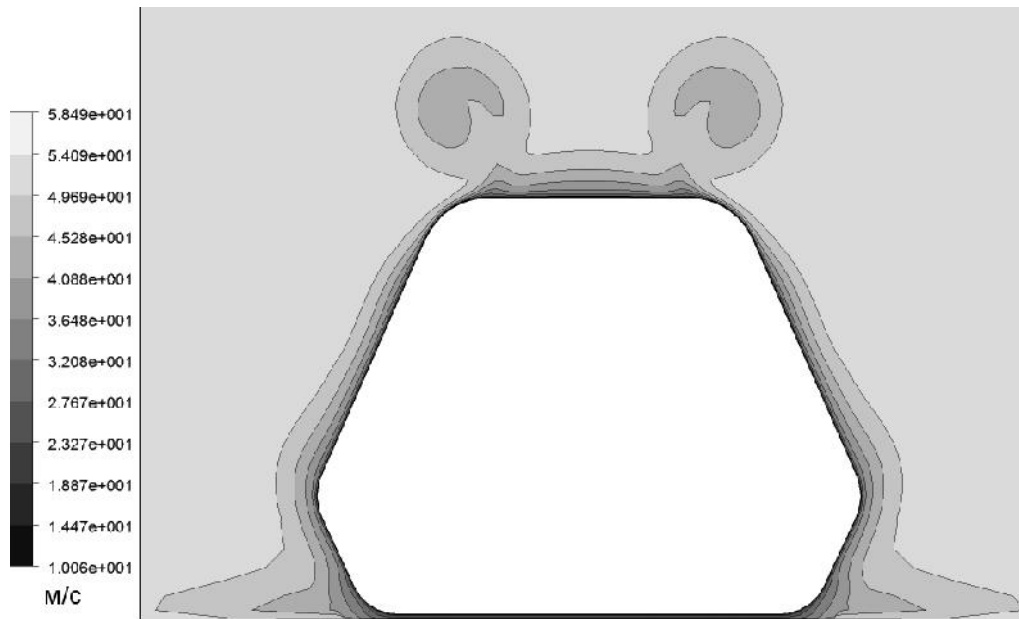


. 1.

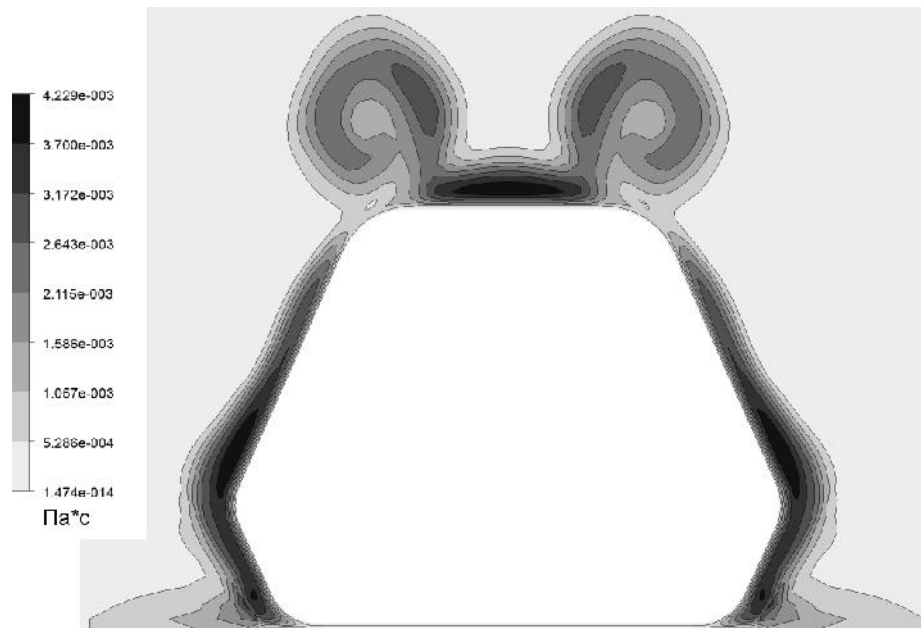


. 2.

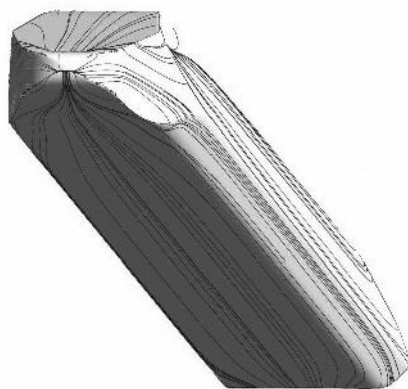
$y = 0.3$



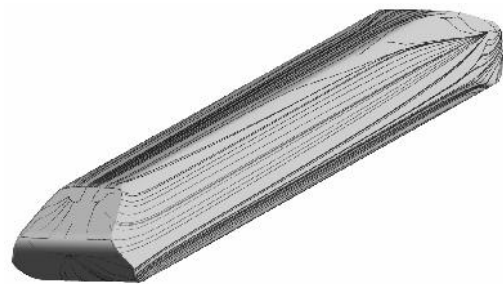
. 3.



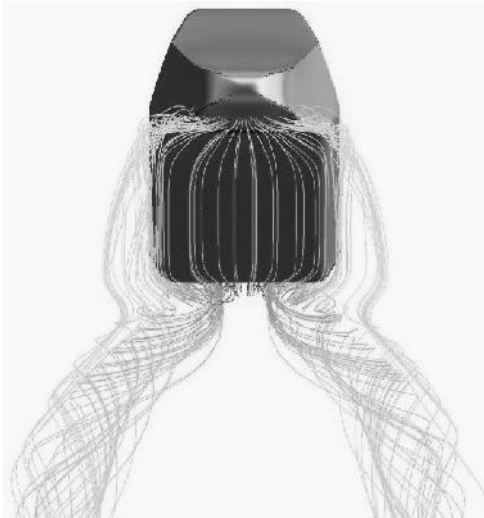
. 4.



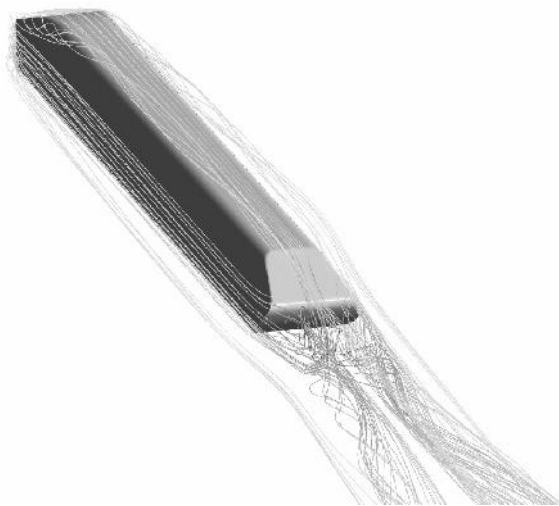
. 5.



. 6.



. 7.



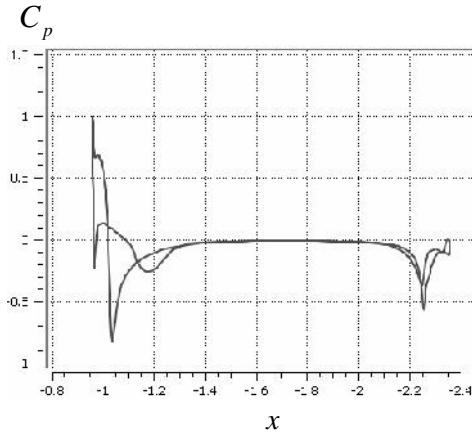
. 8.

$C_p = 1$  ( . 9),

$$= - 0.8$$

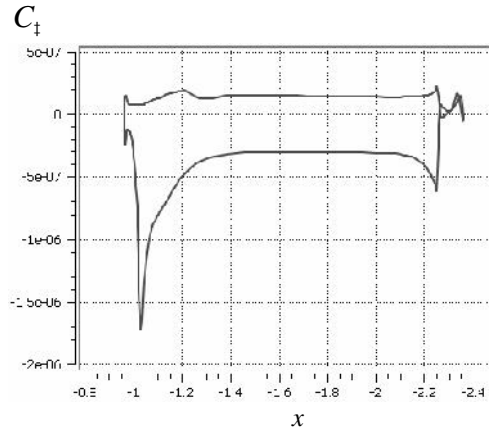
$$C_{\ddagger} \quad ( \quad . 10).$$

2-3



. 9.

$C_p$



. 10.

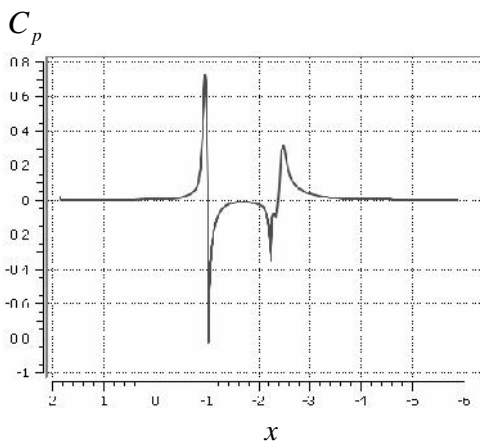
$C_{\ddagger}$

-0.012    -0.155.

=0.5

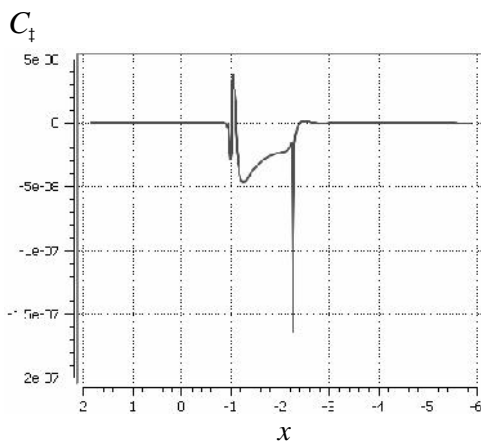
$$z=0.5 \quad ( \quad . 11).$$

$(C_p = 0.7)$   
 $(C_p = -0.8) -$



. 11.

$C_p$   $x$   
 $z=0.5$



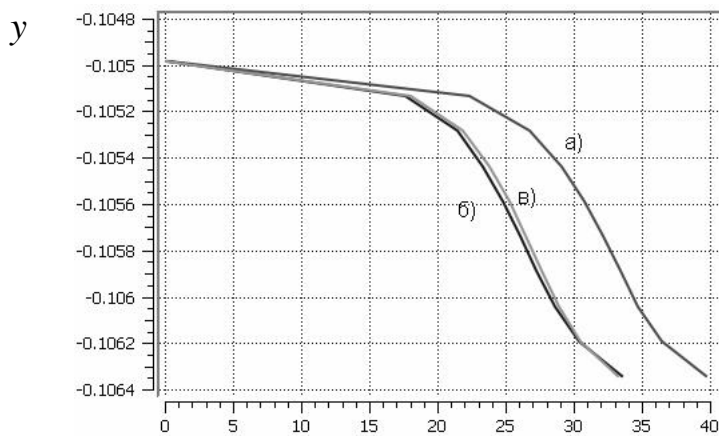
. 12.

$C_t$   $x$   
 $z=0.5$

2.5

( =0.2)

( =0.5, 0.8)  
5-8 / ( . 13).



$u$

. 13. ) =0.2; ) =0.5; ) =0.8;  
 $z=0.5$  ( ) ( )



$$C_x = 0.312989 ; C_y = -0.112034; C_z = 2.54027 \times 10^{-5};$$

$$m_x = 0.00343778 ; m_y = 1.7 \times 10^{-7}; m_z = -0.084545.$$

#### 4.

1.

2.

3.

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