

517.958

Two mathematical models of waves scattering on shielded periodic impedance strips had been proposed. The method of parametric representations of integral transforms had been applied in the process of these models constructing. With the help of this method the initial boundary value problem for the Helmholtz equation with boundary conditions of the third kind had been reduced to two different systems of boundary integral equations.

**Key words:** boundary problems, the method of parametric representations of integral transforms, boundary integral equations.

1.

$$[1].$$

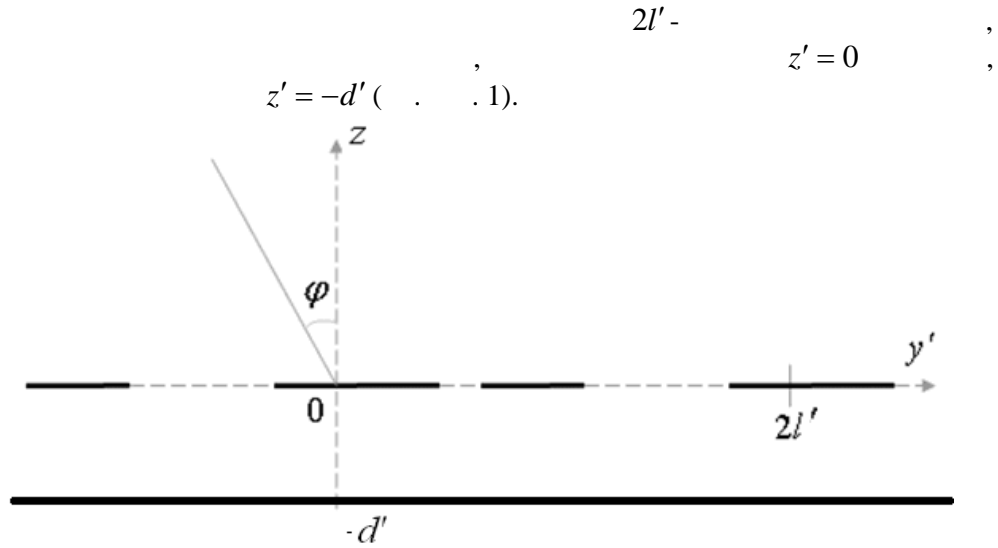
$$[n E] = -Z_s \cdot [n [n H]] \quad (1)$$

$(E, H) -$ ,  $n -$ ,  $Z_s -$  (1)

[2].

[3],[4],

2.



. 1.

$Y'OZ'$

$0 \leq y' \leq 2l'$  :  $\Omega^+$   $\Omega^-$ ,

:

$$\Omega^+ = \{(y', z') \in R^2 \mid z' > 0, 0 \leq y' \leq 2l'\}, \quad (2)$$

$$\Omega^- = \{(y', z') \in R^2 \mid -d < z' < 0, 0 \leq y' \leq 2l'\}. \quad (3)$$

(

$$E_x(y', z') : e^{-iS't}.$$

$$E_x(y', z') = \exp(ik(y' \cdot \sin \{ -z' \cdot \cos \{ \} )). \quad (4)$$

$$u(y', z'),$$

2.

[9]

$$\frac{1}{f} \int_L \frac{F_1(t) dt}{t-y} - h \int_{-\infty}^y F_1(t) dt + \frac{1}{f} \int_L K_1(y,t) F_1(t) dt + \frac{1}{f} \int_L K_2(y,t) F_2(t) dt = f_1(y), \quad y \in L; \tag{5}$$

$$\int_{\Gamma_q}^{S_q} F_1(t) dt = 0, \quad (q = 1, \dots, M); \tag{6}$$

$$F_2(y) + h \int_{-\infty}^y F_1(t) dt - h \frac{1}{f} \int_L \ln|y-t| F_2(t) dt + \frac{h}{f} \int_L K_3(y,t) \cdot F_2(t) dt + \frac{h}{f} \int_L K_4(y,t) \cdot F_1(t) dt = f_2(y), \quad y \in L. \tag{7}$$

$$K_i(y,t), \quad i = 1, \dots, 4; \quad f_i(y), \quad i = 1, 2 - \tag{5-}$$

(7)

$$u_0(y, z) \tag{8}$$

$$\frac{\partial u_0(y, 0)}{\partial z} - h u_0(y, 0) = 0, \quad y \in R.$$

$$u_0(y, z) = \exp\{ik(y \cdot \sin \{ - z \cdot \cos \{ \} \}) + \frac{i | \cos \{ + h \}}{i | \cos \{ - h \}} \cdot \exp\{ik(y \cdot \sin \{ + z \cdot \cos \{ \})\}. \tag{9}$$

$$u(y', z') = \begin{cases} u_0(y', z') + u^+(y', z'), & (y', z') \in \Omega^+; \\ u^-(y', z'), & (y', z') \in \Omega^-. \end{cases} \tag{10}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial n'}(y,0) - h'u(y,0) = 0, \quad y \in L', \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial n'}(y,-d') - h'u(y,-d') = 0, \quad y \in R, \quad (11)$$

$$u^+(y', z') = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n^+ \cdot \frac{e^{-\chi'_n z'}}{\chi'_n + h'} \cdot e^{i p'_n y'}, \quad (12)$$

$$p'_n = k \cdot \sin \left\{ + \frac{fn}{l} \right\}, \quad \chi'_n = \sqrt{(p'_n)^2 - k^2}, \quad n \in Z; \quad (13)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(\chi'_n) \geq 0, \quad \operatorname{Im}(\chi'_n) \leq 0, \quad n \in Z. \quad (14)$$

$$u^-(y', z') = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n^- \cdot Z_n^-(z') \cdot e^{i p'_n y'}, \quad (15)$$

$$Z_n^-(z') = \frac{h' \cdot \operatorname{sh}(\chi'_n(z' + d')) + \chi'_n \cdot \operatorname{ch}(\chi'_n(z' + d'))}{2h'\chi'_n \cdot \operatorname{ch}(\chi'_n d') + ((\chi'_n)^2 + (h')^2) \cdot \operatorname{sh}(\chi'_n d')} \quad (16)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z_n^-}{\partial z'}(0) + h' \cdot Z_n^-(0) = \frac{f}{l'}, \quad \frac{\partial Z_n^-}{\partial z'}(-d') - h' \cdot Z_n^-(-d') = 0, \quad n \in Z, \quad (17)$$

$$Z_n^-(0) = 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{\chi'_n}\right), \quad n \rightarrow \infty. \quad (18)$$

$$\partial \ell = \frac{l'k}{f} = \frac{2l'}{f}, \quad y = \frac{f}{l'} y', \quad z = \frac{f}{l'} z', \quad h = \frac{l' \cdot h'}{f}, \quad d = \frac{l' \cdot d'}{f}; \quad (19)$$

$$p_n = \frac{l' \cdot p'_n}{f} = \partial \ell \cdot \sin \{ + n \}, \quad \chi_n = \frac{l' \chi'_n}{f}, \quad n \in N; \quad (20)$$

$$r_q = \frac{f}{l'} r'_q, \quad s_q = \frac{f}{l'} s'_q, \quad q = 1, \dots, \quad (21)$$

$$L = \left\{ y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \in \bigcup_{q=1}^M (r_q, s_q), 0 < r_1 < s_1 < \dots < r_q < s_q < 2f \right\}. \quad (22)$$

$$\frac{\partial u^+}{\partial z}(y,0) - hu^+(y,0) = 0, \quad y \in CL = [0, 2f] \setminus L; \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{\partial u^-}{\partial z}(y,0) + hu^-(y,0) = 0, \quad y \in CL. \quad (24)$$

:

$$F^+(y) = \frac{\partial u^+(y,0)}{\partial z} - hu^+(y,0) = - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n^+ \cdot e^{ip_n y}; \quad (25)$$

$$F^-(y) = \frac{\partial u^-(y,0)}{\partial z} + hu^-(y,0) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n^- \cdot e^{ip_n y}. \quad (26)$$

$$(20), (21) \quad \begin{matrix} F^+(y) & F^-(y) \\ F^+(y) = 0, & F^-(y) = 0, \quad y \in CL. \\ (22), (23) & F^+(y) & F^-(y), \end{matrix} \quad (27)$$

:

$$a_n^+ = -\frac{1}{2f} \int_L F^+(t) \cdot \exp(-ip_n t) dt, \quad n \in Z, \quad (28)$$

$$a_n^- = \frac{1}{2f} \int_L F^-(t) \cdot \exp(-ip_n t) dt, \quad n \in Z. \quad (29)$$

:

$$u_0(y,0) + u^+(y,0) = u^-(y,0), \quad y \in L; \quad (30)$$

$$\frac{\partial u^+}{\partial z}(y,0) = \frac{\partial u^-}{\partial z}(y,0), \quad y \in L. \quad (31)$$

:

$$F^-(y) = F^+(y) + 2hu^+(y,0) + 2hu_0(y,0) \quad (32)$$

(28),(29)

$$a_n^+ \quad a_n^- \quad (12),(15)$$

:

$$u^+(y,0) = \frac{1}{f} \int_L \exp(ik \cdot \sin \{(y-t)\}) \cdot \ln \left| 2 \cdot \sin \frac{y-t}{2} \right| \cdot F^+(t) dt - \frac{1}{2f} \int_L \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^+ e^{ip_n(y-t)} \cdot F^+(t) dt; \quad (33)$$

$$u^-(y,0) = -\frac{1}{f} \int_L \exp(ik \cdot \sin \{(y-t)\}) \cdot \ln \left| 2 \cdot \sin \frac{y-t}{2} \right| F^-(t) dt + \frac{1}{2f} \int_L \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^- e^{ip_n(y-t)} F^-(t) dt; \quad (34)$$

$$\Delta_0^+ = \frac{1}{x_0 + h}, \quad \Delta_n^+ = \frac{1}{x_n + h} - \frac{1}{|n|}, \quad n \in Z \setminus \{0\} \quad \Delta_n^+ = O\left(\frac{1}{n^2}\right), \quad n \rightarrow \infty; \quad (35)$$

$$\Delta_n^- = Z_0^-(z), \quad \Delta_n^- = Z_n^-(z) - \frac{1}{|n|}, \quad n \in Z \setminus \{0\} \quad \Delta_n^- = O\left(\frac{1}{n^2}\right), \quad n \rightarrow \infty. \quad (36)$$

(30)-(34)

:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{f} \int_L \ln|y-t| \cdot F^+(t) dt + \frac{1}{f} \int_L \ln|y-t| F^-(t) dt + \\ & + \frac{1}{f} \int_L Q^+(y,t) \cdot F^+(t) dt + \frac{1}{f} \int_L Q^-(y,t) F^-(t) dt = -u_0(y,0), \quad (37) \end{aligned}$$

$$F^-(y) = F^+(y) + \frac{2h}{f} \int_L \ln|y-t| \cdot F^+(t) dt + \frac{2h}{f} \int_L Q^+(y,t) \cdot F^+(t) dt + 2hu_0(y,0), \quad (38)$$

$$Q^\pm(y,t) = \exp(ik \cdot \sin \{ (y-t) \}) \ln \left( 2 \cdot \sin \frac{y-t}{2} \right) - \ln|y-t| - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^\pm e^{i p_n (y-t)}. \quad (39)$$

(37)

 $F^-(y)$ 

(39),

:

$$\frac{1}{f} \int_L \ln|y-t| \cdot F^+(t) dt + \frac{1}{f} \int_L K(y,t) \cdot F^+(t) dt = f_3(y), \quad y \in L, \quad (40)$$

$$\begin{aligned} K(y,t) &= \frac{1}{2} (Q^+(y,t) + Q^-(y,t)) + \\ & - \frac{h}{f} \exp(ik \cdot \sin \{ (y-t) \}) \int_L \ln \left| 2 \cdot \sin \frac{y-s}{2} \right| \cdot \left( \ln \left| 2 \cdot \sin \frac{s-t}{2} \right| - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^+ e^{i n (s-t)} \right) ds + \\ & + \frac{h \cdot \exp(ik \cdot \sin \{ (y-t) \})}{2f} \int_L \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^- e^{i n (y-s)} \left( \ln \left| 2 \cdot \sin \frac{t-s}{2} \right| - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^+ e^{i n (s-t)} \right) ds \quad (41) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_3(y) &= -\frac{1}{2} u_0(y,0) - \\ & - \frac{h}{2f} \int_L \exp(ik \cdot \sin \{ (y-t) \}) \left( \ln \left( 2 \cdot \sin \frac{y-t}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \Delta_n^- e^{i p_n (y-t)} \right) u_0(t,0) dt. \quad (42) \end{aligned}$$

(40)

3.

(5)-(7).

(40).

[10].

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